



# Bilston Church of England Long Term Planner

## Numeracy Year 3

Number- number and place value	Number- addition and subtraction
Children will Learn To	Children will learn To
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number</li> <li>recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)</li> <li>compare and order numbers up to 1000</li> <li>identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</li> <li>read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words</li> <li>solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas</li> <li>count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally, including:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; a three-digit number and ones</li> <li>&gt; a three-digit number and tens</li> <li>&gt; a three-digit number and hundreds</li> </ul> </li> <li>add and subtract numbers with up to three digits using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction</li> <li>add and subtract numbers with up to three digits</li> <li>add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts</li> <li>estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers</li> <li>solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction</li> </ul>

Number- multiplication and division	Measurement
Children will Learn To	Children will learnTo
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100</li> <li>recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables</li> <li>write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know</li> <li>solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which <math>n</math> objects are connected to <math>m</math> objects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)</li> <li>add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts</li> <li>tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks</li> <li>estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight</li> <li>know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year</li> <li>compare durations of events [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]</li> </ul>

Number -fractions	Geometry- properties of shapes
Children will Learn To	Children will Learn To
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</li> <li>• count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10</li> <li>• recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators</li> <li>• add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, <math>\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}</math>]</li> <li>• compare and order unit fractions with the same denominator solve problems that involve all of the above</li> <li>• recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them</li> <li>• recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.</li> <li>• identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines</li> <li>• measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes</li> </ul>

Statistics- data handling
Children will learn To
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables</li> </ul> <p>solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables</p>